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TEST REPORT				
EN 50438: 2013				
Requirements for micro-generating plants to be connected in parallel with				
public low-voltage distribution networks				
Report reference No	180903079GZU-001			
Tested by (printed name and signature):				
Approved by (printed name and signature):	Tommy Zhong Assistant Technical Manager			
Date of issue:				
Contents	47 Pages			
Testing Laboratory Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch			
Address:	Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road, Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China			
Testing location:	Same as above			
Address:	Same as above			
Applicant's Name:	Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.			
Address:	5/F, Building 4, Antongda Industrial Park, No.1 Liuxian Avenue. Xin'an Street , Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R, China			
Test specification				
Standard:	EN 50438: 2013			
Test procedure:	Type approval			
Non-standard test method::	N/A			
Test Report Form No	EN50438b			
TRF originator	Intertek			
Master TRF:	dated 2014-01			
Test item description	Hybrid Inverter			
Trademark:	SSFAR			
Manufacturer:	Same as applicant			
Factory:	Dongguan SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd			
	1F-6F, Building E, No.1 JinQi Road, Bihu Industrial Park, Wulian Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City			
Model and/or type reference::	HYD 6000-ES, HYD 5000-ES, HYD 4000-ES, HYD 3600-ES, HYD 3000-ES			



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Rating	Model	HYD 3000- ES	HYD 3600- ES	HYD 4000- ES	HYD 5000- ES	HYD 6000- ES	
	Max. DC Input Voltage		600 d.c.V				
	Max. PV Isc	2 X 15 d.c.A					
	Battery Type	Lead-acid, Lithium-ion					
	Battery Voltage Range		42-58 d.c.V				
	Max. Charging Current		65 d.c.A				
	Max. Discharging Current			70 d.c.A			
	Max. Charging & Discharging Power		3000VA				
	Nominal Grid voltage	230 a.c.V					
	Nominal Output Voltage (backup)	230 a.c.V					
	Max. output current	13.7 a.c.A	16 a.c.A	18.2 a.c.A	22.8 a.c.A	27.3 a.c.A	
	Nominal Grid Frequency	50Hz					
	Power Factor		1 (adjustable +/-().8)		
	Nominal output power	3000VA	3680VA	4000VA	5000VA	6000VA	
	Backup Rated current	13.2 a.c.A					
	Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA					
	Ingress Protection	IP 65					
	Protective Class	Class I					
	Operating temperature range			-25 ~ +60 ℃			
	FW Version			V1.00			



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Test case verdicts	
Test case does not apply to the test object .:	N/A
Test item does meet the requirement:	P(ass)
Test item does not meet the requirement:	F(ail)
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item	03 Sep., 2018
Date(s) of performance of test	03 Sep., 2018 – 20 Sep., 2018
General remarks	
The test results presented in this report relate of This report shall not be reproduced, except in fu "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional informa "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended	II, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. ation appended to the report.
Throughout this report a point is used as the de	ecimal separator.
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General product information:

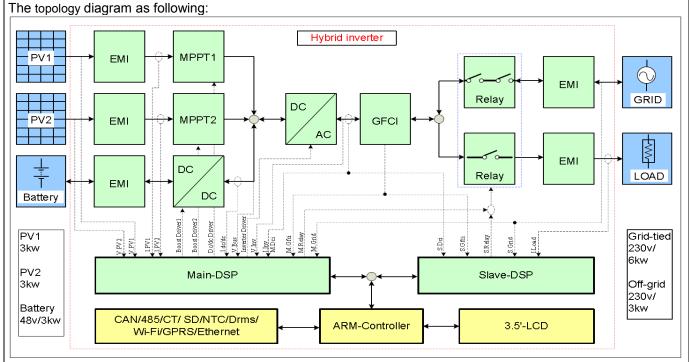
The unit is a single-phase hybrid inverter, it can converts the high PV voltage and Grid voltage to low DC for charge battery, also converts PV voltage and battery voltage to AC output .

The unit is providing EMC filtering at the PV and battery side. It does provide galvanic separation from PV side to Grid. The battery circuit does provide high frequency isolation to PV side and AC mains.

The unit has two controllers. the master DSP controller monitor the charge or discharge statue; measure the PV voltage and current, battery voltage, bus voltage, buck voltage and current, AC voltage, current, GFCI and frequency.

The slave DSP controller monitor AC voltage , current ,frequency , GFCI and communicate with the master controller

The master DSP and slave DSP are used together to control relay open or close, if the single fault on one DSP, the other one DSP can be capable to open the relay, so that still providing safety means



Model differences:

The models HYD 3000-ES, HYD 3600-ES, HYD 4000-ES, HYD 5000-ES and HYD 6000-ES are completely identical and output power derated by software, except for the following table.

		,		5	
Model	HYD 6000-ES	HYD 5000-ES	HYD 4000-ES	HYD 3600-ES	HYD 3000-ES
R332, R334,R336	0Ω, ΝC, 0Ω		NC, 0Ω, NC		
Bus capacitance	8pcs			6pcs	
INV inductor	0.75mH		0.75mH 1.035mH		
R123,R132	1.5ΚΩ,	1.5ΚΩ	499Ω, 499Ω		

Other than special notes, typical model HYD 6000-ES used as representative for testing in this report.



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Parameter	Maximum disconnection time	Minimum operate time	Trip value
Over-voltage – stage 1 ^a	3 s	-	230 V + 10 %
Over-voltage – stage 2	0,2 s	0,1 s	230 V + 15 %
Under-voltage	1,5 s	1,2 s	230 V – 15 %
Over-frequency	0,5 s	0,3 s	52 Hz
Under-frequency	0,5 s	0,3 s	47,5 Hz
LoM (if required)	See Annex A		See Annex A.
	The stated voltages are 'true r.m.s.' o	r fundamental component -values	
	^a Over-voltage – stage 1: 10-min-valu The calculation of the 10 min value s class S. The function shall be based of the squared input values over 10 shall be used. The calculation of a ne to be compared with the trip value. Tolerances on disconnection time are	hall comply with the 10 min aggre on the calculation of the square ro min. In deviation from EN 6100 w 10-min value at least every 3 s	oot of the arithmetic me 0-4-30, a moving wind

Tolerances on Voltage: \pm 1%Un

Tolerances on Frequency: $\pm 0.05 \text{Hz}$

Unless the specific National settings and requirements, the default settings above are applied for all the CENELEC members that do not have specific settings and requirements.



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Copy of marking plate:

5¢FAR	Hybrid Inverter		
Model No.	HYD 3600-ES		
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V		
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V		
MAX.PV lsc	2x15A		
Battery Type Le	ad-acid,Lithium-ion		
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V		
Max.Charging Current	65A		
Max.Discharging Current	70A		
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA		
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac		
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac		
Max.Output Current	16A		
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz		
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)		
Nominal Output Power	3680VA		
Backup Rated Current	13.2A		
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA		
Ingress Protection	IP65		
Operating Temperature Range	<u>-25-+60°C</u>		
Protective Class	Class I		
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industrial Park,NO.1Liuxian Avenue,Xin'an Street, Bao'an District,shenzhen City,Guangdong Province,P.R.China			
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N 4105,G8 ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C15-712-			
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SSEAR	Hybrid Inverter		
Model No.	HYD 3000-ES		
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V		
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V		
MAX.PV Isc	2x15A		
Battery Type L	ead-acid,Lithium-ion		
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V		
Max.Charging Current	65A		
Max.Discharging Current	70A		
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA		
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac		
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac		
Max.Output Current	13.7A		
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz		
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)		
Nominal Output Power	3000VA		
Backup Rated Current	13.2A		
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA		
Ingress Protection	IP65		
Operating Temperature Range	-25-+60°C		
Protective Class	Class I		
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. Address:5/F, Building 4, Antongda Industrial Park, NO. 1Liuxian Avenue, Xin'an Street, Bao'an District, shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, P.R. China			
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N 4105,G ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C15-712			
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Model No.	HYD 4000-ES	Model N
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V	Max.DC In
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V	Operating
MAX.PV lsc	2154	MAX.PV Is
	Lead-acid,Lithium-ion	Battery Ty
Battery Voltage Range		Battery Vo
Max.Charging Current	65A	Max.Char
Max.Discharging Current	70A	Max.Disch
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA	Max.Charg
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac	Nominal G
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac	Nominal O
Max.Output Current	18.2A	Max.Outp
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz	Nominal C
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)	Power Fac
Nominal Output Power	4000VA	Nominal O
Backup Rated Current	13.2A	Backup Ra
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA	Backup Ra
Ingress Protection	IP65	Ingress Pr
Operating Temperature Range	<u>-25-+60°C</u>	Operating Te
Protective Class	Class I	Protective C
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAF Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industrial Park, N Bao'an District,shenzhen City,Guangdong Provinc	IO.1Liuxian Avenue, Xin'an Street,	Manufacture Address:5/F,Bi Bao'an District
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N 4105 ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C15-7		Cec As
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S ₿ ₽₽₽	Hybrid Inverter			
Model No.	HYD 5000-ES			
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V			
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V			
MAX.PV lsc	2x15A			
Battery Type	Lead-acid,Lithium-ion			
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V			
Max.Charging Current	65A			
Max.Discharging Current	70A			
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA			
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac			
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac			
Max.Output Current	22.8A			
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz			
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)			
Nominal Output Power	5000VA			
Backup Rated Current	<u>13.2A</u>			
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA			
Ingress Protection	IP65			
Operating Temperature Range	<u>-25-+60</u> °C			
Protective Class	Class I			
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industrial Park,NO. 1Liuxian Avenue,Xin'an Street, Bao'an District,shenzhen City,Guangdong Province,P.R.China				
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S∳ ₽	DLAR
Model No.	HYD 6000-ES
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V
Operating MPPT Voltage Rang	ge90V-580V
MAX.PV Isc	2x15A
Battery Type	Lead-acid,Lithium-ion
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V
Max.Charging Current	65A
Max.Discharging Current	70A
Max.Charging&Discharging P	ower 3000VA
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac
Max.Output Current	27.3A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)
Nominal Output Power	6000VA
Backup Rated Current	13.2A
Backup Rated Apparent Powe	r 3000VA
Ingress Protection	IP65
Operating Temperature Range	-25-+60°C
Protective Class	Class I
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARS Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industrial Bao'an District,shenzhen City,Guangdong f	Park, NO, 1Liuxian Avenue, Xin'an Street,
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C	4105,G83/2,EN50438,C10/11, C15-712-1
ĨI ▲ C € ▲	
WARNING isolated from	this equipment ur <u>both</u> mains <u>and</u> or pration supplies

- The above markings are the minimum requirements required by the safety standard. For the final production samples, the additional markings which do not give rise to misunderstanding may be added. 1.
- 2. Label is attached on the side surface of enclosure and visible after installation.



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
4	Technical requirements		Р
4.1	Electrical installation		N/A
4.1.1	General		N/A
	Low voltage electrical installations shall comply with national and local regulation. In case of any hardware malfunctioning, disconnection is required.	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
4.1.2	Over-current protection		N/A
	The micro-generating plant shall be protected against over-current according to the HD 60364 series. When selecting the over-current protection within the domestic installation it is necessary to ensure correct selectivity with the DSO' s protection devices.	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
4.1.3	Earthing	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
	Earthing shall be according to HD 60364-5-551 and the relevant national standards.		N/A
	When a micro-generator is operating in parallel with the distribution network, there shall be no direct connection between the generator winding (or pole of the primary energy source in the case of a DC sourced micro-generator) and the DSO' s earth terminal. For installations where the customer provides his own earth terminal, e.g. when connected to a TT system, it is also advisable to avoid connecting the generator winding to this earth terminal.		N/A
	For a micro-generator which is designed to operate in parallel with a distribution network but which is connected via an inverter (e.g. a PV array or a stationary fuel cell power system) it is permissible to connect one pole of the DC side of the inverter to the distribution network if there is insulation between the AC and the DC sides of the inverter. In such cases, the installer/manufacturer shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure that the micro- generator will not impair the integrity of the distribution network and will not suffer unacceptable damage for all credible operating conditions, including faults on the distribution network.		N/A
4.2	Normal operating range		Р
4.2.1	General		Р

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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Generating plants have to be able to operate in the operating range specified below regardless the topology and the settings of the interface protection.		Р
4.2.2	Continuous voltage operation range		Р
	The generating plant shall be capable not to disconnect due to voltage when the voltage at the point of connection stays within the range of 0,85 Un to 1,1 Un.		Р
	The generating plant owner shall take into account the voltage rise and voltage drop within the installation when considering the wider operating range for the generator unit itself.		P
4.2.3	Continuous frequency operation range		Р
	The generating plant shall be capable to operate continuously when the frequency at the point of connection stays within the range of 49 Hz to 51 Hz.		Р
	Linear generators, coupled directly and synchronously to the grid, and powered by free piston stirling engines are permitted to disconnect below 49,5 Hz and above 50,5 Hz.		N/A
4.2.4	Response to under-frequencies		Р
	A generating plant shall be resilient to reductions of frequency at the point of connection while reducing the maximum power as little as possible.		Р
	Table 1 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network.	See appended table	Р
	The admissible active power reduction due to under-frequency below 49,5 Hz is limited by a reduction rate of 10 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as given by the full line in Figure 2.	See appended table	P
	Respecting the legal framework, it is possible that a more stringent power reduction characteristic is required by the DSO in coordination with the TSO. Nevertheless this requirement shall be limited to an admissible active power reduction due to under- frequency below 49,0 Hz with a reduction rate of 2 % of the momentary power PMper 1 Hz frequency drop as indicated by the dotted line in Figure 2.		P
	Acceptance of this reduction is limited to a selection of affected generation technologies and may be subject to further conditions decided by the relevant TSO.		P
4.2.5	Power response to over-frequency		Р
	A generating plant shall be resilient to over- frequency at the point of connection.		Р



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EN50438

CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Table 2 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network.	See appended table	Р
	Unless otherwise required by the DSO, the micro- generating plant shall be capable of activating activepower frequency response at a programmable frequency threshold f ₁ at least between and including 50,2 Hz and 52 Hz with a programmable droop in a range of at least 2 % – 12 %. The droop is relative to P _M , the actual AC output power at the instance when the frequency reaches the threshold f ₁ . The resolution of the frequency measurement shall be +/- 10 mHz or less. After the programmable intentional delay, the active power frequency response shall be delivered with an accuracy of ± 10 % P _n and with a settling time less than 2 s.	The default Threshold f1 setting to 50.2Hz with programmable droop 5%	Ρ
	The generator shall be capable of activating active power frequency response as fast as technically feasible with an initial delay that shall be as short as possible with a maximum of 2 s. If the initial delay is below 2 s an intentional delay shall be programmable to adjust the total response time to a value between the initial response time and 2 s.	Intentional delay is setting to 0s	Ρ
	After activation, the frequency droop function shall use the actual frequency at any time.		Р
	If the initial delay is greater than 2 s it shall be reasonably justified by the manufacturer to the DSO.		N/A
	The settings for the threshold frequency f1, the droop and the intentional delay are provided by the DSO and shall be field adjustable. If no settings are provided, the default settings in Table 3 shall be applied.	It can be filed adjustable accessed by communication port RS 485	Р
	For field adjustable settings means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.	Authority to use	Р
	When applying active power response to over- frequency, the frequency threshold f1 should be set to a value from 50,2 Hz up to 50,5 Hz.	Setting of 50.2Hz	Р
	It shall be taken into account that, in case of islanding, a power reduction would correct any excess of generation leading to a generation- consumption balance. In these circumstances, an islanding situation with stable frequency would take place, in which the correct behaviour of any LoM detection based on frequency as those mentioned in 4.6.2 (Table 4) might be bindered		Ρ

in 4.6.2 (Table 4) might be hindered.



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	EN50438	-	
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Generators for which it is technically not feasible to reduce power over the full droop range in the required time shall activate active power frequency response as above in the fast controllable range of output power. Once the limit of fast controllable frequency response is reached, this power level is maintained constant. The unit has to shut off at a random frequency between the frequency threshold f1 and fmax; with fmax the disconnection limit for over- frequency as provided by the DSO. If no setting is	The default setting for f _{max} is 51.15Hz	P
	 provided, the default setting for fmax is 51,5 Hz. After European Network Codes will come into force, the decision about the ability should be according to the derogation process. 		Р
	The overall effect on transmission network level of multiple units with the random frequency disconnection function should emulate the droop curve given by Table 1 resp. the setting in Annex A.		Р
	After a frequency excursion, once the frequency drops below the threshold frequency f_1 the microgenerating plant is allowed to rise the power above P _M . The active power generated by a generating plant shall not exceed the specified gradient expressed as a percentage of the active nominal power of the unit per minute. If no gradient is specified by the DSO, the default setting is 10 % Pn/min. Nonadjustable or partly adjustable generating plant that have been disconnected shall reconnect according to 4.7.2.	the default setting is 10 % P₀/min	P
4.3	Reactive power capability		Р
4.3.1	Inverter based micro-generator		Р
	The micro-generator shall be capable to operate, under normal stationary operating conditions in the voltage tolerance band according to 4.2.2, with the following reactive power exchange (see Figure 3):		Р
	• following a characteristic curve provided by the DSO (see 4.4) within the active factors $\cos \varphi = 0,90_{under-excited}$ to $0,90_{over-excited}$ when the active power output of the micro- generator is more than or equal to 20 % of its nominal active power;		P
	 not exchanging more reactive power than 10 % of the micro-generator's nominal active power when the active power output is less than 20 % of its nominal active power. 		P
4.3.2	Directly coupled micro-generator with no inverter		N/A



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The power factor of the micro-generator at normal steady-state operating conditions across the statutory tolerance band of nominal voltage shall be above 0,95, provided the output active power of the micro-generator is above 20 % the nominal output power of the unit. Below 20 % nominal output power the micro-generator shall not exchange more reactive power than 10 % of its nominal active output power.		N/A
4.4	Reactive power control modes	See appended table	P
4.4.1	General		Р
	Only when a reactive power exchange capability following a characteristic curve is required (see 4.3), the requirements of 4.4.3 shall apply. The control shall be delivered at the terminals of the		P
	micro-generator. The micro-generator shall be capable of operating in the following control modes within the limits stated in 4.3:		P
	Q (U)	Under consideration	Р
	Cos φ fix		Р
	Cos φ (P)		Р
	The configuration of the control modes shall be field adjustable. The activation and deactivation of the control modes shall be field adjustable.		Р
	For field adjustable configurations and activation/deactivation of the control mode, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		P
	The accuracy for controlled reactive power shall be below ± 2 % of nominal power of the microgenerator. The accuracy is always stated in reactive power, even if the used control mode is referring to the active factor.		P
	The type of contribution to voltage control by reactive power shall be specified by the DSO. If no characteristic curve is specified by the DSO, the micro-generator shall operate with an active factor = 1.		P
4.4.2	Fix control mode cos ϕ		Р
	The fix control mode controls the active factor $\cos \varphi$ of the micro-generator's output according to a setpoint set in the control of the micro-generator.		Р
4.4.3	Voltage related control mode Q(U)		P
	The voltage related control mode Q(U) controls the reactive power output as a function of the voltage.		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	For evaluating the voltage one of the following methods shall be used:		Р
	 the positive sequence of the symmetrical components; 		N/A
	• the average voltage of a three phase system;		Р
	 phase independently the voltage of every phase to determine the reactive power for every phase. 		N/A
	A characteristic curve according to Figure 4 shall be configurable.		Р
	Additional to the characteristic the dynamic response of the control should be configurable. The dynamics of the control should correspond with a first order filter having a time constant that is configurable in the range of 3 s to 60 s. The time to reach 95 % of a new set point due to a change in voltage will be 3 times the time constant.		Ρ
4.4.4	Power related control mode Cos φ (P)		Р
	The power related control mode $\cos \varphi$ (P) controls the active factor $\cos \varphi$ of the micro-generator's output as a function of its active power output.		Р
	A characteristic according to Figure 4 has to be configurable.		Р
	New set values due to a change of the active power output have to be adjusted within a settling time of 10 s. The rate of change of reactive power should be in the same time range as and synchronized with the rate of change of active power.		Р
4.5	Voltage control by active power		Р
	In order to avoid disconnection due to the over- voltage protection the micro-generating plant is allowed to reduce active power output as a function of this rising voltage. If this function is activated, the micro-generating plant may reduce active power according to a logic chosen by the manufacturer. Nevertheless, this logic shall not result in steps of output power.		Ρ
4.6	Interface protection	Integral to the micro-generator	Р
4.6.1	General		Р
4.6.1.1	Introduction		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The purpose of the interface protection is to ensure that the connection of a micro-generator will not impair the integrity or degrade the safety of the distribution network. The interface protection shall be insensitive to voltage and frequency variations in the distribution network within the voltage and frequency settings. The interface protection, monitoring and control		P
	functions may be incorporated into the microgenerator control system, or may be fitted as discrete separate mounted devices.		P
	The interface protection settings shall be field adjustable.	Accessed by communication ports	Р
	For field adjustable settings means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
	The protection functions have to evaluate at least all phases where micro-generators, covered by this protection system, are connected to.		Р
	In case of three phase generating units/plants and when the protection system is implemented as a external protection system in a three phase supply system, all phase to phase or all phase to neutral voltages have to be evaluated.		Р
	The frequency has to be evaluated on at least one of the supply voltages.		Р
	If multiple signals (e.g. three phase to phase voltages) are to be evaluated by one protection function, this function has to evaluate all of the signals separately. The output of each evaluation has to be OR connected, so that if one signal passes the threshold of a function, the function has to trip the protection in the specified time.		P
	The minimum required accuracy is:		Р
	 for frequency measurement ± 0,05 Hz; 		Р
	 for voltage measurement ± 1 % of Un. 		Р
	The measurement point can be inside the micro- generator or anywhere between the micro- generator terminals and up to the point of connection.		Р
	If the interface protection system is external to the generating unit, it should measure as close as possible to the point of connection. The voltage rise between the point of connection and the measurement input of the interface protection system should be kept as small as possible to avoid nuisance tripping of the overvoltage protection.	Internal of inverter	N/A



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	In order to avoid continuous starting and disengaging operations of the interface protection relay, the disengaging value of frequency and voltage functions shall be above 2 % deviating from the operate value.		N/A
4.6.1.2	Response to protection operation		Р
	The micro-generator shall disconnect from the network in response to an interface protection operation.		Р
4.6.1.3	Place of the interface protection		Р
	The interface protection can either be incorporated within the micro-generator or implemented by separate devices. In either case, the interface protection shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60255-127 and the manufacturer of the micro- generator shall declare that the combined devices fulfil these requirements.	incorporated within the micro- generator	P
4.6.1.4	Changing settings of the interface protection		Р
	The interface protection settings may only be altered from the settings chosen at the time of commissioning or during later reconfiguration, with the written agreement of the DSO and then only in accordance with the manufacturer instructions. It shall not be permissible for the user to alter the interface protection settings.		P
4.6.1.5	Combined protection device for multiple generators		N/A
	It is allowed to use a protection system that provides interface protection for two or more microgenerators up to and including 16 A per phase in aggregate. However, the possibility to use Inform and Fit then depends on the conditions of the type of conformity assessment of the protection system.		N/A
	If two or more micro-generators, each with their own interface device, are placed in parallel, the proper combined working of the protection devices shall be ensured.		N/A
	In the case of adding a generator to the combined protection device, the DSO shall be consulted.		N/A
4.6.2	Interface protection settings		Р
	The interface protection settings are provided by the DSO. If no settings are provided, the default settings in Table 4 should be applied.		Р
4.6.3	Requirements regarding single fault tolerance of interface protection system		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The interface protection system consisting of the interface protection relay and the interface switch shall meet the requirements of single fault tolerance.	Single fault condition have been considered	Р
	A single fault shall not lead to a loss of the safety functions. Faults of common cause shall be taken into account if the probability for the occurrence of such a fault is significant. Whenever reasonably practical, the individual fault shall be displayed and lead to the disconnection of the power generation unit or system.		P
	Series-connected switches shall each have independently a breaking capacity corresponding to the rated current of the micro-generator and corresponding to the short circuit contribution of the microgenerator.		Р
	The short-time withstand current of the switching devices shall be coordinated with maximum short circuit power at the connection point.		Р
	At least one of the switches shall be a switch- disconnector suitable for over-voltage category 2. For single-phase micro-generators, the switch shall have one contact of this over-voltage category each for both the neutral conductor and the line conductor. For poly-phase supply systems, it is required to have one contact of this over-voltage category each for all active conductors. The second switch may be formed by electronic switching components of an inverter bridge or another circuit provided that the electronic switching components can be switched off by control signals and that it is ensured that a failure is detected and leads to prevention of the operation at the latest at the next reconnection.	Relay is used as disconnector suitable for over-voltage category 2 See CE report for details	P
	For PV-inverters without simple separation between the network and the PV generator (e.g. PV Inverter without transformer) both switches mentioned in the paragraph above shall be switch disconnectors with the requirements described therein, although one switching device is permitted to be located between PV generator and PV inverter.		N/A
4.7	Connection and starting to generate electrical power		Р
4.7.1	General		Р



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	Dequirement Test	Deput	Vardiat
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Connection and starting to generate electrical power is only allowed after voltage and frequency is within the allowed voltage range and the allowed frequency range for at least the specified observation time. It shall be impossible to overrule these conditions. The setting of the conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after tripping of the interface protection.		P
	The frequency range, the voltage range, the observation time and the power gradient shall be field adjustable.		Р
	For field adjustable settings, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
4.7.2	Automatic reconnection after tripping		Р
	If no settings are specified by the DSO, the default settings for the reconnection after tripping of the interface protection are:		Р
	• Frequency range: 47,5 Hz \leq f \leq 50,05 Hz	See appended table	Р
	 Voltage range: 0,85Un ≤ U ≤ 1,10Un 	See appended table	Р
	Minimum observation time: 60 s	60 s	Р
	After reconnection the active power generated by the generating plant shall not exceed a specified gradient expressed as a percentage of the active nominal power of the unit per minute. If no gradient is specified by the DSO, the default setting is 10 % Pn/min. Non-adjustable or partly adjustable generating units may connect after 1 min to 10 min (randomised value) or later.	The default setting is 10 % P₀/min	P
4.7.3	Starting to generate electrical power		Р
	If no settings are specified by the DSO the default settings for connection or starting to generate electrical power due to normal operational start-up or activity are:		P
	• Frequency range: 47,5 Hz \leq f \leq 50,1 Hz	See appended table	Р
	• Voltage range: 0,85Un ≤ U ≤ 1,10Un	See appended table	Р
	Minimum observation time: 60 s	60 s	Р
	If applicable, the power gradient shall not exceed the maximum gradient specified by the DSO in the connection agreement. Heat driven CHP micro- generators do not need to keep a maximum gradient, since the start up is randomised by the nature of the heat demand.	The default setting is 10 % P₀/min	P



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdic
	For manual operations performed on site (e.g. for the purpose of initial start-up or maintenance) it is permitted to deviate from the observation time and ramp rate.		N/A
4.7.4	Synchronisation		Р
	Synchronising a micro-generator with the distribution network shall be fully automatic i.e. it shall not be possible to manually close the switch between the two systems to carry out synchronisation.		P
4.8	Power quality		Р
4.8.1	General		Р
	As any other apparatus or fixed installation, micro- generators have to comply with the requirements on electromagnetic compatibility established in Directive 2004/108/EC.		Р
	They are also expected to be compatible with voltage characteristics at the point of connection to the public network, as described in 4.2.		Р
	As long as specific tests for generators are not available, generic EMC standards, regarding immunity as well as emission, should be applied. The applicable standards, which in turn describe the test in accordance with basic standards (EN 61000- 3, all parts, and EN 61000-4, all parts), are:		P
	 Immunity: EN 61000-6-1 (residential, commercial and light-industrial environments); 		P
	 Emission: EN 61000-6-3 (residential, commercial and light-industrial environments): in this generic emission standard reference is made to e.g. the harmonics and voltage variation basic standards listed in Table 5. 		P
	In addition, the application of the requirements and tests described in IEC/TR 61000-3-15 is recommended, with the exception of those aspects already regulated by specific national rules.		Р
	Generating plants can also disturb mains signaling (ripple control or power line carrier systems). EMC requirements on inter-harmonics and on conducted disturbances in frequency range between 2 kHz and 150 kHz are under development. In countries where such communication systems are used, national requirement may apply.		P
4.8.2	DC injection		Р
4.8.2	The generating unit shall not inject a direct current.	See appended table	Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict

5	Operation and safety of the micro-generator		Р
5.1	General		Р
	The micro-generator shall operate safely over the entire designed and declared operating range.		Р
	The settings of (country-specific) field adjustable set-points shall be readable from the microgenerator, for example on a display panel, user interface, or via a communication port.	Via a communication port	Р
5.2	Safety		Р
	This European Standard does not cover the safety of DSO personnel or their contracted parties, as their safety is a combination of electrical conditions and working instructions.		Р
	General requirements for safety of persons at work in or near and operation of electrical installations are given in EN 50110 (all parts), also national regulations can be applicable.		Р
5.3	Information plate		Р
	In absence of product specific standards (e.g. EN 50524) the following information shall appear on the micro-generator nameplate:		Р
	 manufacturer's name or trade mark; 		Р
	 type designation or identification number, or any other means of identification making it possible to obtain relevant information from the manufacturer; 		Р
	 nominal power; 		Р
	 nominal voltage; 		Р
	 nominal frequency; 		Р
	• phases;		Р
	 active factor range or, if no active factor is adjustable, the minimal power factor. 		Р
	This information shall be provided on a plate on or in the micro-generator and shall be copied in the user manual as well as other related documentation. In addition, a serial number may be added to the plate only.		Ρ
	This information could be part of the information plate of the entire micro-generator system.		Р
	All the information shall be given in the language and in accordance with the practice of the country in which the micro-generator is intended to be installed or alternatively in English language.	English language	Р



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CI. Requirement - Test Result Verdict			
	CI.	Result	Verdict

5.4	Labelling		Р
	A warning notice shall be placed in such a position that any person gaining access to live parts will be warned in advance of the need to isolate those live parts from all points of supply.	Shall be noted in the field	P
	Special attention should be paid that the power supply, measuring circuits (sense lines) and other parts may not be isolated from the network when the switch of the interface protection is open.		P
	As a minimum, warning labels shall be placed:		Р
	 on the switchboard (DSO panel and consumer unit) that has the micro- generator connected to it; 		Р
	 on all switchboards in between the consumer unit and the micro-generator itself; 		N/A
	 on, or in the micro-generator itself; 		N/A
	 at all points of isolation for the micro- generator. 		N/A
	All the information shall be given in the language and in accordance with the practice of the country in which the micro-generator is intended to be installed.		P
5.5	Maintenance and routine testing		Р
	The manufacturer shall provide a time frame for maintenance and routine testing.		Р
	The user is responsible for the proper maintenance and routine testing.		Р
	Maintenance and routine testing shall be carried out by qualified service technicians.		Р
	With respect to service technicians, additional national requirements shall be taken into account.		Р
6	Commissioning		Р
	This European Standard applies to type-tested micro-generators.		Р
	The following conditions shall be met for the installation:		Р
	the micro-generator (including the interface protection) shall fulfil the requirements of this standard and the other applicable standards;		Р
	the manufacturer shall provide an installation instruction in accordance with this standard and national or regional requirements;		Р
	access to the interface protection settings shall be tamper-proof;		Р
	in the absence of product standards the micro- generator shall be type tested against the interface requirements of this standard;		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	the installation shall be carried out by installers with recognised and approved qualification related to the fuels used, general electrical installations and a particular qualification relating to installation of micro-generators;		P
	the installer shall provide a single line diagram of the electricity generating facility. The single line diagram shall show the circuit breaker, the protections, the inverter, etc.		Р
	The user respective the installer should be aware that in addition to the DSO the energy supplier and/or the metering authority will need to be informed for contractual reasons.		P
	Unless otherwise stated by national legislation or regulation, prior consent of the DSO is necessary.		Р
Annex A	National settings and requirements		Р
A.1	General	Default Setting	Р
A.2	AT – Austria		N/A
A.3	BE – Belgium		N/A
A.4	CY – Cyprus		N/A
A.5	CZ – Czech Republic		N/A
A.6	DE – Germany		N/A
A.7	DK – Denmark		N/A
A.8	EE – Estonia		N/A
A.9	ES – Spain		N/A
A.10	FI – Finland		N/A
A.11	FR – France		N/A
A.12	GB – United Kingdom		N/A
A.13	IE – Ireland		N/A
A.14	IT – Italy		N/A
A.15	LV – Latvia		N/A
A.16	NL – The Netherlands		N/A
A.17	NO – Norway		N/A
A.18	PL – Poland		N/A
A.19	SI – Slovenia		N/A
A.20	SE – Sweden		N/A
Annex B	Loss of Mains and overall system security		P



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Cl.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
Annex C	Example notification sheets		
Annex D	Compliance type testing		Р
D.1	General		Р
D.2	Type testing of the interface protection		Р
D.2.1	Introduction		Р
D.2.2	General		Р
D.2.3	Over-/under-voltage		Р
D.2.4	Over- /under-frequency		Р
D.2.5	Loss of Mains (LoM) detection		Р
D.3	Type testing of a micro-generator		Р
D.3.1	Operating range		Р
D.3.2	Active power feed-in at under-frequency		Р
D.3.3	Power response to over-frequency		Р
D.3.4	Reactive power capability		Р
D.3.5	Voltage control by active power		N/A
D.3.6	Connection and starting to generate electrical power		Р
D.3.7	Short-circuit current contribution	Manufacturers declare the short circuit contribution in the installation manual	N/A
D.3.8	Harmonic current emission		Р
D.3.9	Voltage fluctuations and flicker		Р
D.3.10	DC injection		Р
Annex E	Example test results sheet		
Annex F	Commissioning		Р
Annex G	Countries allowing extension of the scope > 16 A		N/A
G.1	General		N/A
G.2	CY – Cyprus		N/A
G.3	FI – Finland		N/A
G.4	IE – Ireland		N/A



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.2.3 Over-/under-voltage)					Р
		Over	Voltage	9		Voltage
Parameter		Voltage	Disconnectior Time	N Vol	tage	Disconnectior Time
Protection limit		264.5V	0.1s-0.2s	19	5.5V	1.2s-1.5s
Actual setting (as applied to interface protection)		264.5V	0.16s	195	5.5V	1.3s
Trip value (test result)-1	L-N	263.9V	161.0ms	196	6.5V	1.245s
Trip value (test result)-2	L-N	263.9V	160.0ms	196	6.5V	1.300s
Trip value (test result)-3	L-N	263.9V	168.5ms	196	6.5V	1.292s
Trip value (test result)-4	L-N	263.9V	167.0ms	196	6.5V	1.324s
Trip value (test result)-5	L-N	263.9V	164.5ms	196	6.5V	1.312s
Over-voltage stage 1*		253V (according to EN 50160), the disconnection after detection of a 10 min –mean-value takes place within 3s				
	Ou	Itput Voltage		Sw	ritch	
		(V)	On/Off state	e Finally	On/0	Off state Finally
100% Un	230.0		⊠On	□Off	W	ork normally
112% Un	257.6		□On	⊠Off		516s
100% Un		230.0	⊠On	□Off	W	ork normally
108% Un		248.4	⊠On	□Off	W	ork normally
106% Un		243.8	⊠On	□Off	W	ork normally
114% Un		262.2	□On	⊠Off		302s
The calculation of the 10 n	nin value te	ested and complia	ince.		•	
The operate values are wit	hin \pm 1% L	In				
Tolerances on disconnectic	on time are	\pm 10%				

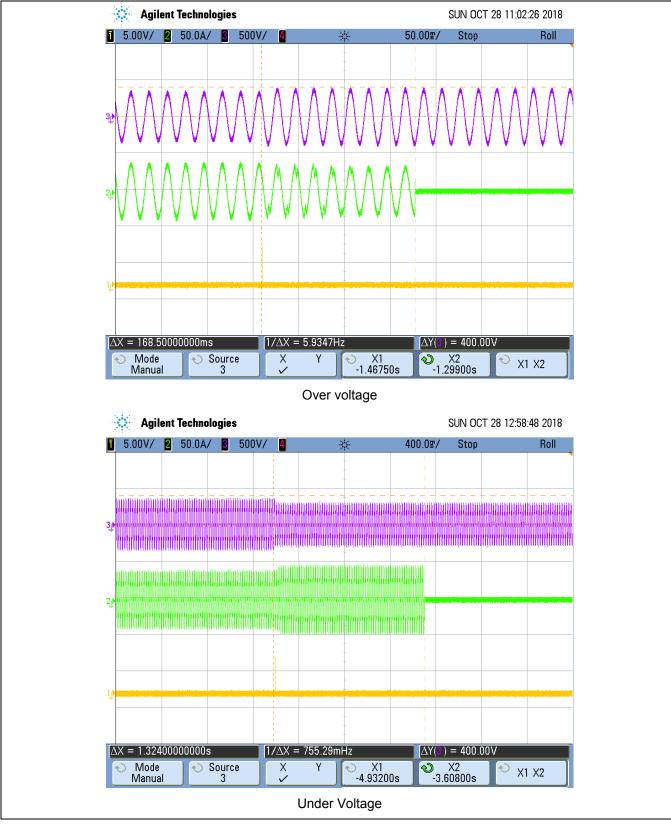
The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which colour yellow denotes trip signal, Green denotes

output voltage of EUT, and Purple denotes output current of EUT



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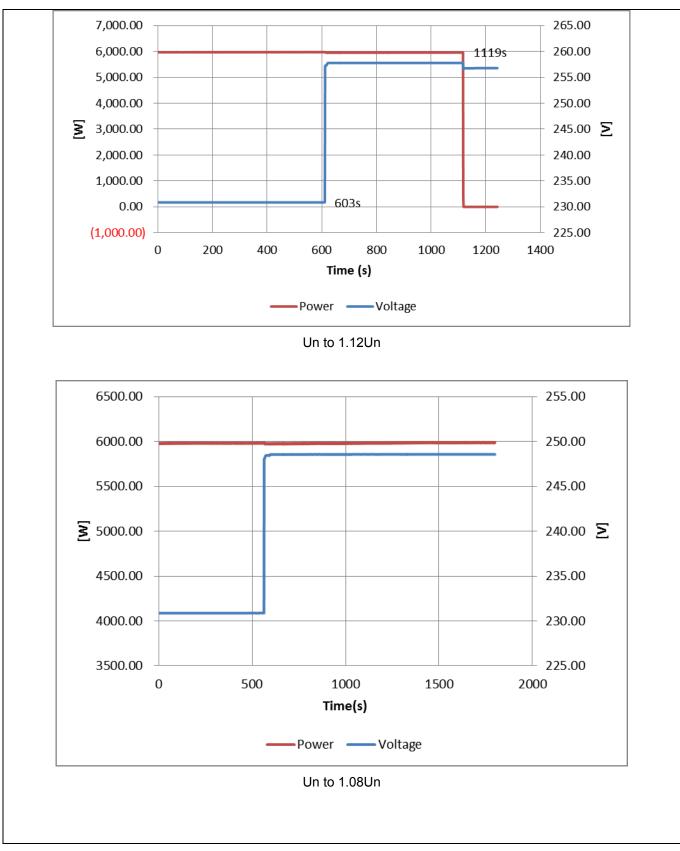
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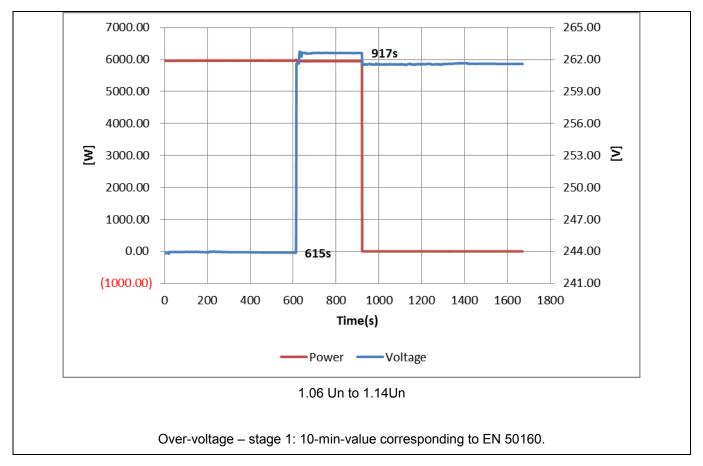




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	Over Fre	quency	Under Fre	equency
Parameter	Frequency	Time	Frequency	Time
Protection limit	52Hz	0.5s	47.5Hz	0.5s
Actual setting	50LI-	0.45	47 511-	0.40
applied to interface protection)	52Hz	0.4s	47.5Hz	0.4s
Trip value (test result)-1	51.98 Hz	432ms	47. 5 Hz	427ms
Trip value (test result)-2	51.98 Hz	398ms	47. 5 Hz	421ms
Trip value (test result)-3	51.98 Hz	408ms	47. 5 Hz	420ms
Trip value (test result)-4	51.98 Hz	419ms	47. 5 Hz	414ms
Trip value (test result)-5	51.98 Hz	424ms	47. 5 Hz	412ms

the operate values are within $\,\pm$ 0.05 Hz. tolerances on disconnection time are \pm 10 % .

The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which colour yellow denotes trip signal, Green denotes

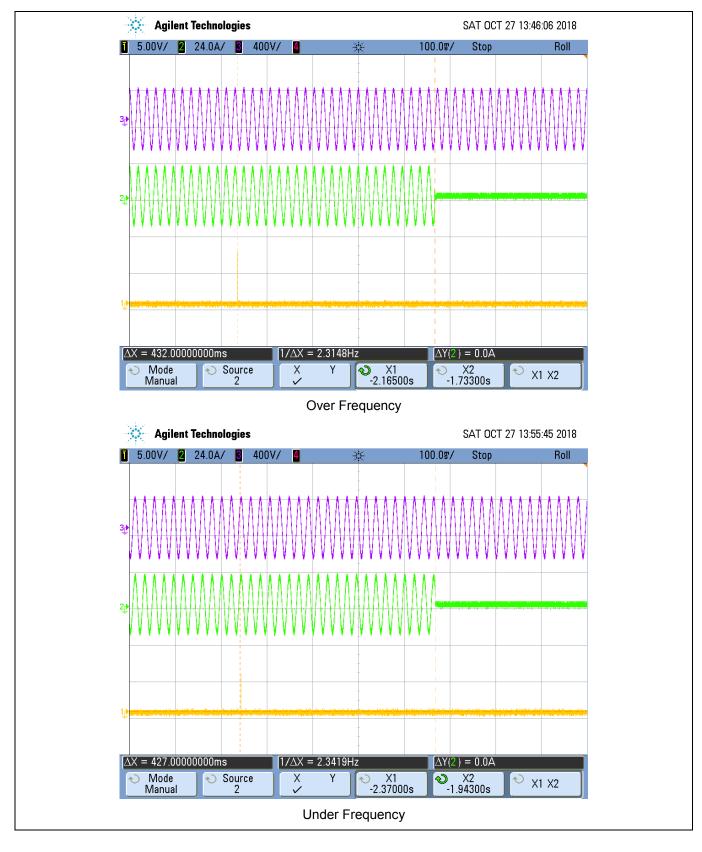
output voltage of EUT, and Purple denotes output current of EUT



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).2.5 I	Loss of Ma	ains (LoM) detectio	n							Р
No.	PEUT ¹⁾ (% of EUT rating)	Reactive load (% of QL in 6.1.d)1)	PAC ²⁾ (% of nominal)	QAC ³⁾ (% of nominal)	Run on time (ms)	PEUT (W)	Actual Qf	VDC		Rema	arks ⁴⁾
1	100	100	0	0	386.0	6040	1.00	550	Test	A a	t BL
2	66	66	0	0	242.0	3960	1.00	340	Test	Вa	t BL
3	33	33	0	0	312.0	1980	1.00	130	Test	Сa	t BL
4	100	100	-5	-5	210.0	6040	1.02	550	Test	A a	t IB
5	100	100	-5	0	194.5	6040	1.00	550	Test	A a	t IB
6	100	100	-5	5	244.5	6040	0.97	550	Test	A a	t IB
7	100	100	0	-5	199.0	6040	1.02	550	Test	A a	t IB
8	100	100	0	5	204.0	6040	1.00	550	Test	A a	t IB
9	100	100	5	-5	268.0	6040	0.97	550	Test	A a	t IB
10	100	100	5	0	288.0	6040	1.02	550	Test	A a	t IB
11	100	100	5	5	274.0	6040	1.00	550	Test	A a	t IB
12	66	66	0	-5	300.0	3960	1.02	340	Test	Вa	t IB
13	66	66	0	-4	345.0	3960	1.02	340	Test	Вa	t IB
14	66	66	0	-3	228.5	3960	1.01	340	Test	Вa	t IB
15	66	66	0	-2	228.0	3960	1.01	340	Test	Вa	t IB
16	66	66	0	-1	209.5	3960	1.00	340	Test	Вa	t IB
17	66	66	0	1	292.0	3960	0.99	340	Test	Вa	t IB
18	66	66	0	2	397.0	3960	0.99	340	Test	Вa	t IB
19	66	66	0	3	254.8	3960	0.98	340	Test	Вa	t IB
20	66	66	0	4	277.6	3960	0.98	340	Test	Вa	t IB
21	66	66	0	5	259.2	3960	0.97	340	Test	Вa	t IB
22	33	33	0	-5	252.9	1980	1.02	130	Test	C a	t IB
23	33	33	0	-4	292.5	1980	1.02	130	Test	Сa	t IB
24	33	33	0	-3	198.8	1980	1.01	130	Test	C a	t IB
25	33	33	0	-2	357.0	1980	1.01	130	Test	Сa	t IB
26	33	33	0	-1	231.3	1980	1.00	130	Test	C a	t IB
27	33	33	0	1	315.0	1980	0.99	130	Test	C a	t IB
28	33	33	0	2	234.4	1980	0.99	130	Test	Сa	t IB
29	33	33	0	3	266.4	1980	0.98	130	Test	C a	t IB
30	33	33	0	4	247.8	1980	0.98	130	Test	C a	t IB
31	33	33	0	5	216.9	1980	0.97	130	Test	C a	t IB

Remark: ¹⁾ PEUT: EUT output power flow at S

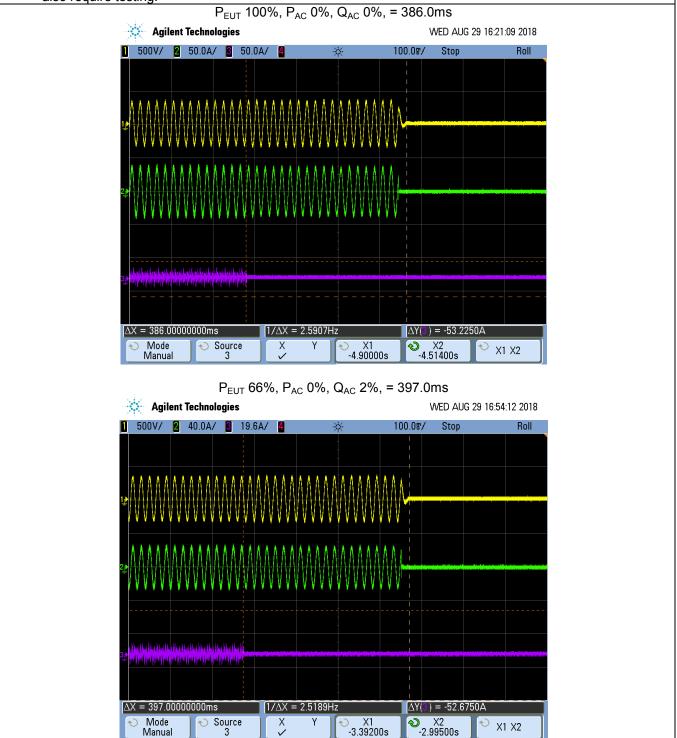
²⁾ PAC: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0% test condition value.

³⁾ QAC: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0%



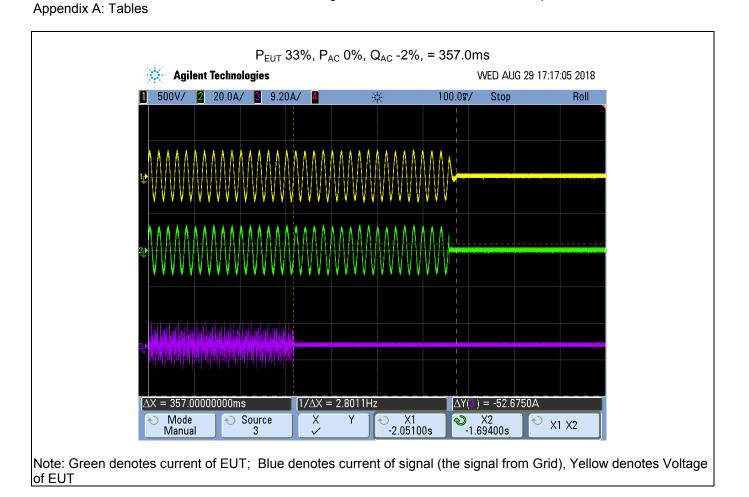
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- test condition value.
- ⁴⁾ BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.
- *Note: test condition A (100%): If any of the recorded run-on times are longer than the one recorded for the rated balance condition, i.e. test procedure 6.1 f), then the non-shaded parameter combinations (no.32~47) also require testing.





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D.3.1 Operating ran	ge				Р
Test sequence	Voltage	Frequency	Output power	Primary	power source
Test 1	195.5V	47.5Hz	5846.26W	61	44.59W
Test 2	253V	51.5Hz	5970.99W	61	51.81W

D.3.2 Active power feed-i	Р			
Test sequence	Frequency	Output power	Prima	ry power source
Test a)	50.0Hz	5992.12W	(6193.77W
Test b)	49.5Hz	5991.07W	(6193.37W
Test c)	47.5Hz	5991.88W	(6191.46W

Test sequence at bower level >80%	Output Power	Frequency	Primary Power source	Power gradient
Step a)	5932.65W	50Hz	6132.95W	
Step b)	5736.99W	50.25Hz	5928.99W	
Step c)	4699.99W	50.70Hz	4851.50W	
Step d)	3646.40W	51.15Hz	3758.80W	
Step e)	4683.86W	50.70Hz	4834.13W	
Step f)	5736.63W	50.25Hz	5929.86W	
Step g)	5930.33W	50Hz	6130.96W	

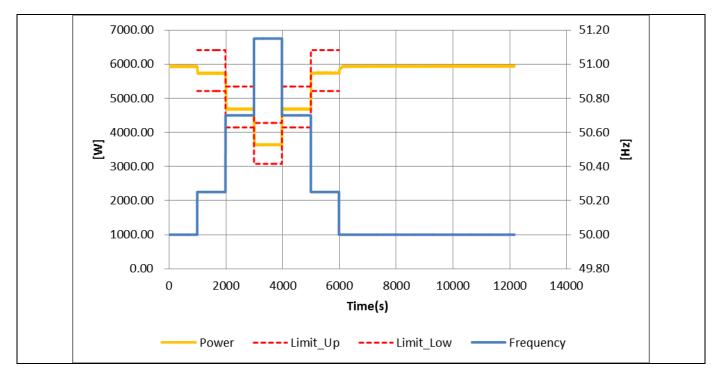
the active power frequency response is delivered with an accuracy of \pm 10%Pn



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	e to over-frequency			Р
Test sequence at power level 40%- 60%	Output Power	Frequency	Primary Power source	Power gradient
Step a)	3025.78W	50.00Hz	3113.87W	
Step b)	2930.86W	50.25Hz	3017.20W	
Step c)	2411.74W	50.70Hz	2483.59W	
Step d)	1876.49W	51.15Hz	1934.01W	
Step e)	2402.13W	50.70Hz	2473.45W	
Step f)	2926.71W	50.25Hz	3012.60W	
Step g)	5984.20W	50.00Hz	6182.75W	562.50W/1min

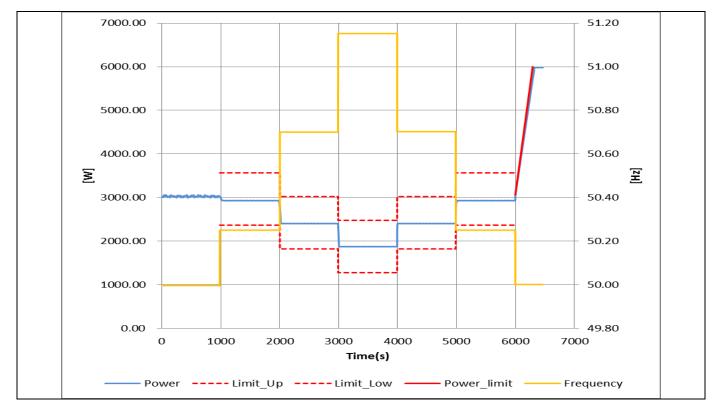
Test for frequency threshold 50.2Hz with droop 5%, intentional delay is setting to 0s

The active power frequency response is delivered with an accuracy of 10%Pn The power grade where rise the power above Pm is less than 10%Pn/min, the default setting is 10%Pn/min



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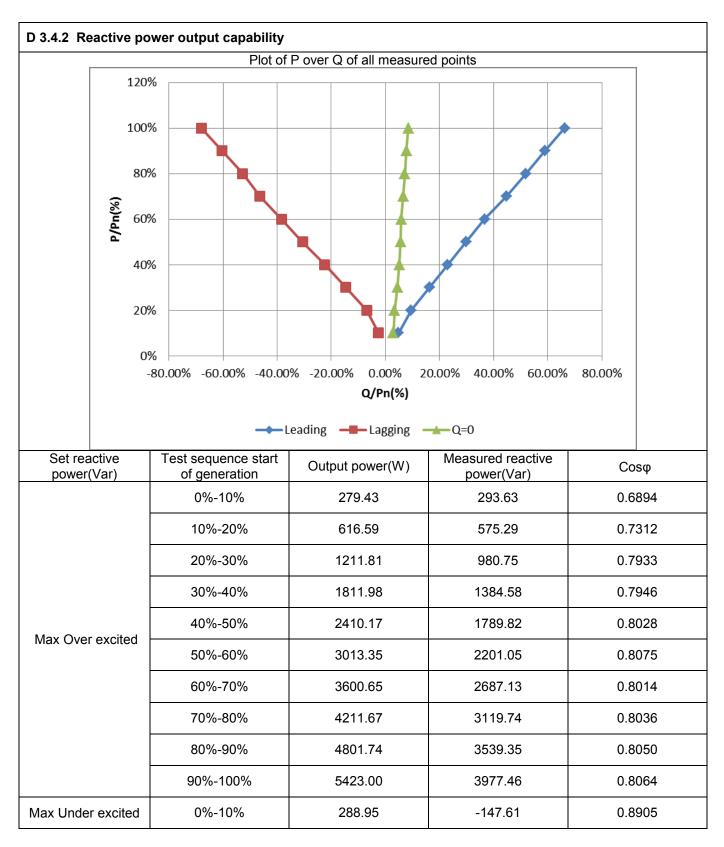
Model: HYD 3000-ES						
	Power factor					
Limit	+ 0,95 - 0,9	5 at three voltage levels and f	our power levels			
	210V	230V	250V			
20% of nominal active power	0.9769	0.9771	0.9770			
50% of nominal active power	0.9992	0.9992	0.9993			
75% of nominal active power	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995			
100% of nominal active power	0.9996	0.9995	0.9996			
Remark:		· · ·				



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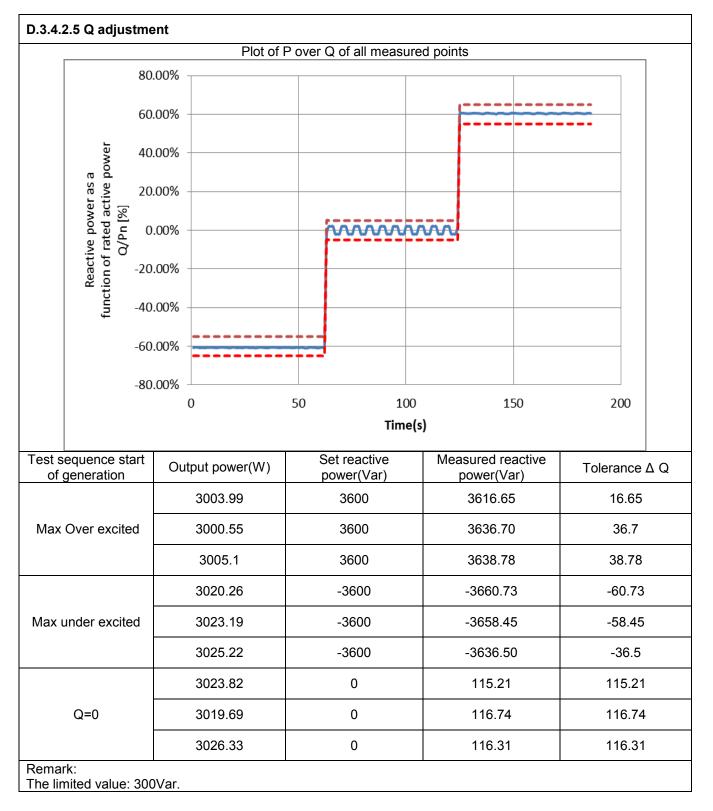
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	10%-20%	616.72	-409.60	0.8330
	20%-30%	1209.24	-875.72	0.8099
	30%-40%	1799.07	-1341.47	0.8017
	40%-50%	2413.62	-1831.18	0.7967
	50%-60%	3005.14	-2304.52	0.7935
	60%-70%	3602.54	-2781.55	0.7915
	70%-80%	4224.55	-3166.87	0.8001
	80%-90%	4813.94	-3621.85	0.7991
	90%-100%	5416.15	-4082.79	0.7985
	0%-10%	280.99	175.79	0.8477
	10%-20%	619.29	208.52	0.9477
	20%-30%	1211.42	269.95	0.9760
	30%-40%	1820.89	310.37	0.9900
	40%-50%	2406.76	339.81	0.9902
Q=0	50%-60%	3008.16	356.56	0.9926
	60%-70%	3615.65	398.77	0.9940
	70%-80%	4202.13	432.04	0.9948
	80%-90%	4813.36	470.11	0.9953
	90%-100%	5404.31	510.31	0.9956



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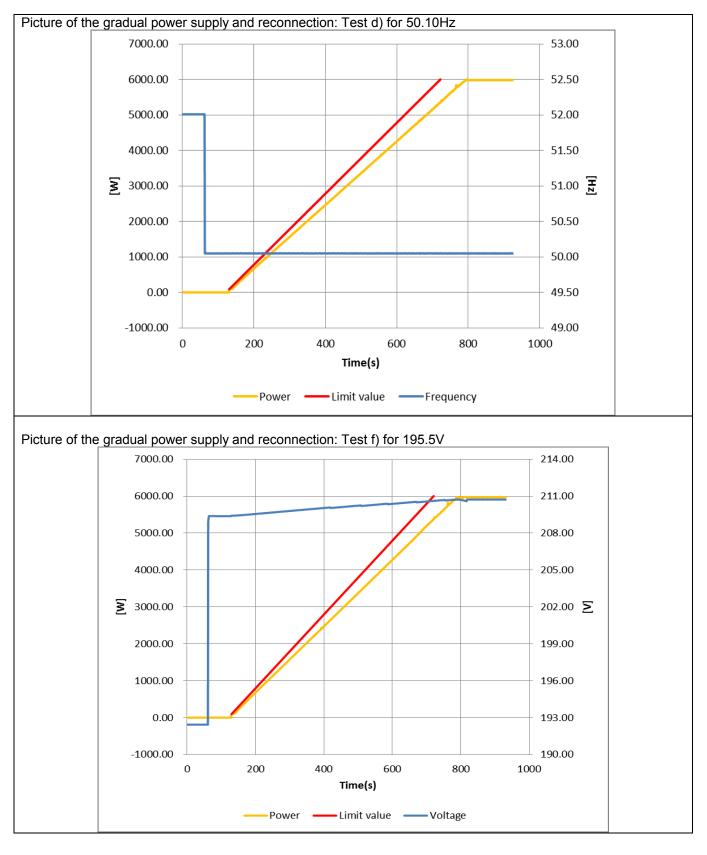
3.8.2 Connection a	after trip of interface	protection	.	P
est sequence connection		connection allowed	Primary power source	Power gradient after connection
Step a)	<47.45Hz	No		
Step b)	≥47.45Hz	Yes	5984.2W	544.02W /1min
Step c)	>50.10Hz	No	-	-
Step d)	≤50.10Hz	Yes	5980.72W	543.70W /1min
Step e)	<193.2V	No	-	-
Step f)	≥195.5V	Yes	5973.57W	543.05W /1min
Step g)	>255.3V	No	-	-
Step h)	≤253V	≤253V Yes		542.07W /1min
5000.00 4000.00 2 3000.00				48.00 47.90 47.80 <u>무</u>
2000.00				47.70
1000.00				47.60
0.00				47.50
-1000.00		400 57		47.40
	0 200	400 60 Time(s)	00 800	1000
		()		



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Appendix A: Tables

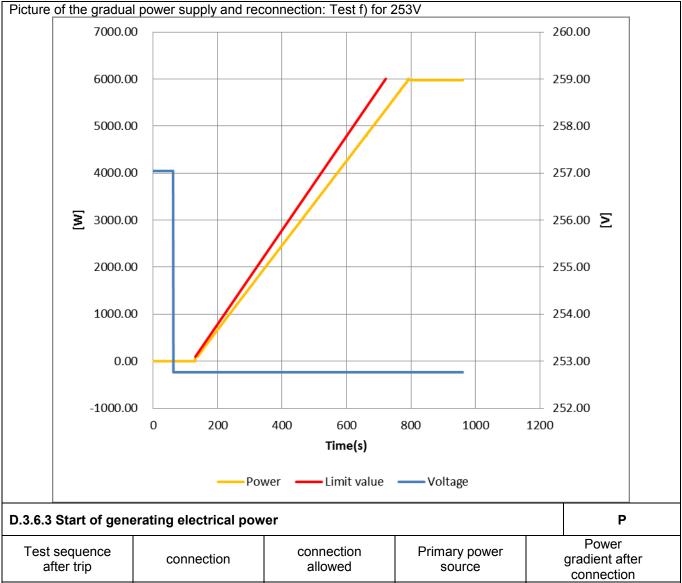




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Appendix A: Tables



Test sequence after trip	connection	connection allowed	Primary power source	gradient after connection
Step a)	<47.45Hz	No	-	
Step b)	≥47.45Hz	Yes	5984.2W	544.02W /1min
Step c)	>50.15Hz	No	-	-
Step d)	≤50.15Hz	Yes	5980.72W	543.70W /1min
Step e)	<193.2V	No	-	-
Step f)	≥193.2V	Yes	5973.57W	543.05W /1min
Step g)	>255.3V	No	-	-
Step h)	≤255.3V	Yes	5973.59W	542.07W /1min



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Appendix A: Tables

D 3.8 Harmonic current emissions Maximum permissible harmonic current as per EN 61000-3-2 Class A					
order n	Measure	ed Value	3-2 in Amps		
2	0.0026	0.0052	1.080		
3	0.1697	0.2521	2.300		
4	0.0037	0.0130	0.430		
5	0.0629	0.0446	1.140		
6	0.0027	0.0208	0.300		
7	0.0290	0.0530	0.770		
8	0.0023	0.0138	0.230		
9	0.0150	0.0035	0.400		
10	0.0018	0.0067	0.184		
11	0.0058	0.0070	0.330		
12	0.0024	0.0053	0.153		
13	0.0017	0.0090	0.210		
14	0.0008	0.0098	0.131		
15	0.0042	0.0255	0.150		
16	0.0006	0.0086	0.115		
17	0.0049	0.0100	0.132		
18	0.0004	0.0047	0.102		
19	0.0082	0.0197	0.118		
20	0.0011	0.0005	0.092		
21	0.0089	0.0207	0.107		
22	0.0023	0.0035	0.084		
23	0.0097	0.0148	0.098		
24	0.0007	0.0040	0.077		
25	0.0100	0.0221	0.090		
26	0.0010	0.0052	0.071		



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0.0094	0.0145	0.083
0.0015	0.0013	0.066
0.0100	0.0156	0.078
0.0028	0.0016	0.061
0.0101	0.0134	0.073
0.0007	0.0021	0.058
0.0098	0.0104	0.068
0.0043	0.0043	0.054
0.0100	0.0114	0.064
0.0055	0.0023	0.051
0.0094	0.0086	0.061
0.0036	0.0019	0.048
0.0100	0.0087	0.058
0.0245	0.0099	0.046
	0.0015 0.0100 0.0028 0.0101 0.0007 0.0098 0.0043 0.0043 0.0100 0.0055 0.0094 0.0036 0.0100	0.0015 0.0013 0.0100 0.0156 0.0028 0.0016 0.0101 0.0134 0.0007 0.0021 0.0098 0.0104 0.0043 0.0043 0.0100 0.0114 0.0055 0.0023 0.0094 0.0086 0.0036 0.0019 0.0100 0.0087

D 3.9 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker					
	Maximum permissible flicker and voltage fluctuation as per EN 61000-3-3				
Value	P _{st}	P _{lt}	d(t) – 500ms	dc	dmax
Limit	1.0	0.65	3.3%	3.3%	4%
Test value	0.43	0.41	0	1.77	2.15

D.3.10 DC injection						
Model HYD 6000-ES						
		Po	ower level			
	20%	50%	75%	100%		
DC current	0.0164	0.0287	0.0415	0.0492		
0.5% of nominal current	0.130A	0.130A	0.130A	0.130A		
The tests performed ES, HYD 5000-ES	on model HYD 6000-E	S, that are representa	ble with HYD 3000-ES	, HYD 3600-ES, HYD 4000-		

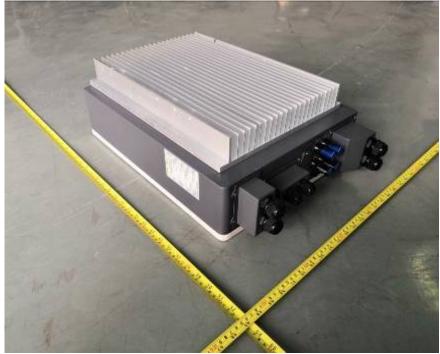


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Overview



Bottom view

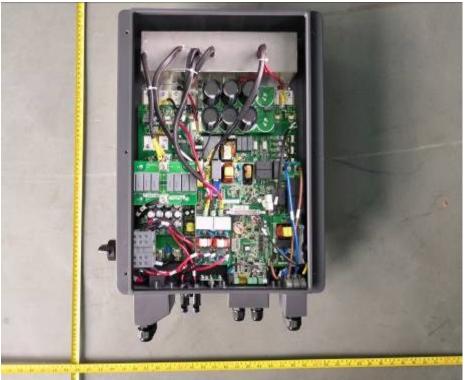


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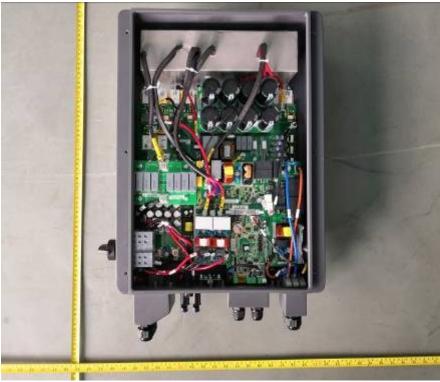
Connection view



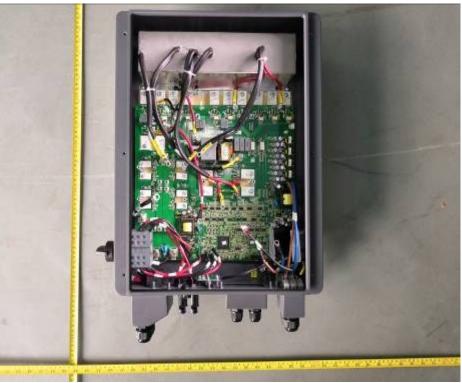
Internal view for model HYD 4000-ES, HYD 3600-ES, HYD 3000-ES



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Internal view for model HYD 5000-ES, HYD 6000-ES



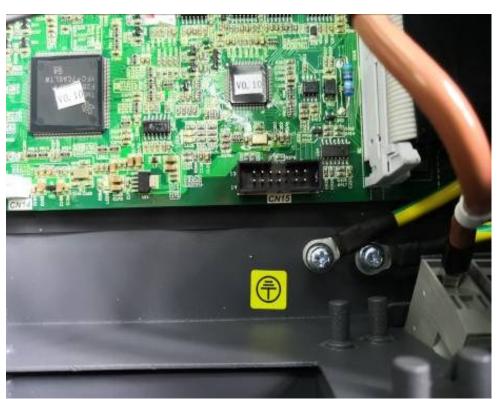
Internal view



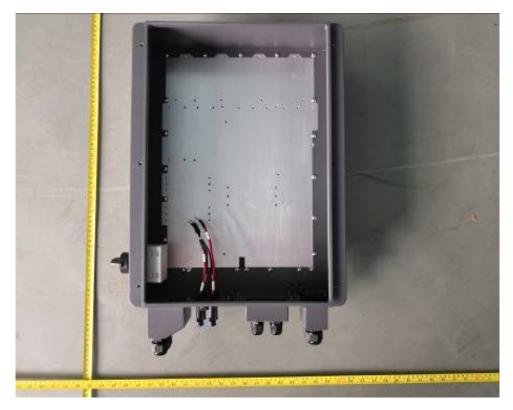
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Appendix B: Photos

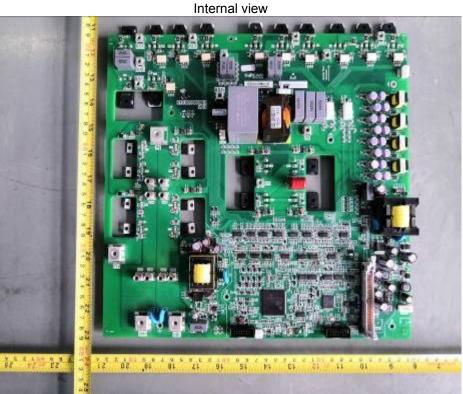


Earthing view

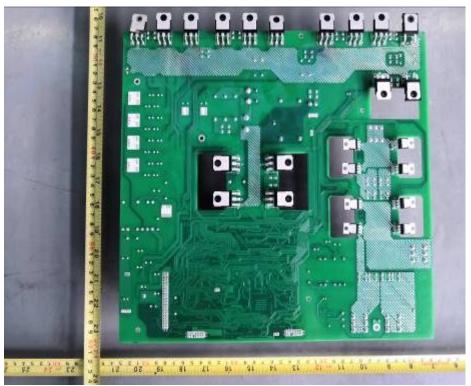




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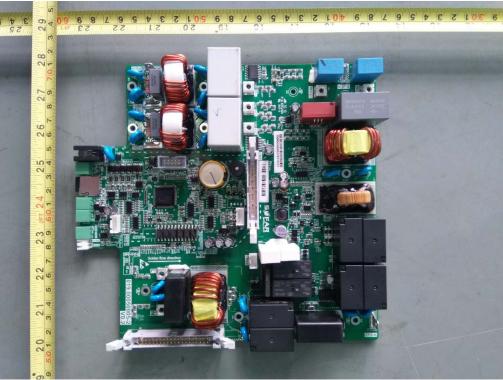
Power board view (Components side)



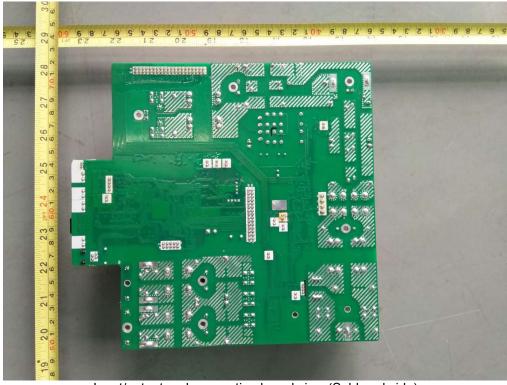
Power board view (Soldered side)



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Input/output and connection board view (Components side)



Input/output and connection board view (Soldered side) (End of Report)